Mobile Application Development

Higher Diploma in Science in Computer Science



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Application Programmer Interfaces

API Introduction

- User Experience vs Developer Experience
- Common Information Formats
- donation-play-service V1

User Experience

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_experience

User experience (UX) involves a person's behaviors, attitudes, and emotions about using a particular product, system or service. User experience includes the practical, experiential, <u>affective</u>, meaningful and valuable aspects of human-computer interaction and product ownership. Additionally, it includes a person's perceptions of system aspects such as utility, ease of use and efficiency. User experience may be considered subjective in nature to the degree that it is about individual perception and thought with respect to the system. User experience is dynamic as it is constantly modified over time due to changing usage circumstances and changes to individual systems as well as the wider usage context in which they can be found.



Developer Experience

http://uxmag.com/articles/effective-developer-experience

http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/xpl/articleDetails.jsp?reload=true&arnumber=6225984

http://blog.pusher.com/getting-the-developer-experience-right/

"For all the abundance of APIs, there are multiple ways of getting a user up to speed with your product. The experience of learning how to use an API is very similar to that of using a consumer facing website or application. Indeed your conversion rate is likely to be higher if you remove as much friction as possible.

There has been a huge amount of literature produced to make those kind of consumer user experiences better, but only limited information about what the ingredients of a highly successful onboarding experience for an API product are. The principles are generally very similar...



http://www.twilio.com/docs/api

Common Formats

- Comma Separated Values (CSV)
- Name/Value Pairs
- YAML
- XML
- JSON

A comma-separated values (CSV)

(also sometimes called characterseparated values, because the separator character does not have to be a comma) file stores tabular data (numbers and text) in plain-text form. Plain text means that the file is a sequence of <u>characters</u>, with no data that has to be interpreted instead, as binary numbers. A CSV file consists of any number of <u>records</u>, separated by line breaks of some kind; each record consists of <u>fields</u>, separated by some other character or string, most commonly a literal comma or tab. Usually, all records have an identical sequence of fields.

"mocha", "costa", 2.0, 3.5, 0 "americano", "costa", 3.0, 4.5, 1 "cappucino", "starbucks", 4.0, 1.5, 0

coffees.csv

Name/Value Pairs

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Attribute-value_pair

A name-value pair, key-value pair, field-value pair or attribute-value pair is a fundamental data <u>representation</u> in computing systems and applications. Designers often desire an open-ended data structure that allows for future extension without modifying existing code or data. In such situations, all or part of the data model may be expressed as a collection of <u>tuples</u> *< attribute name*, *value*>; each element is an attributevalue pair. Depending on the particular application and the implementation chosen by programmers, attribute names may or may not be unique.

db.url=jdbc:cloudbees://pacemaker db.driver=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver db.user=pacemaker db.pass=pacemaker jpa.ddl=create

application .conf

name="mocha"		
shop="costa"		
rating=3.5		
price=2.0		
favourite=0		
id=1		

coffees.conf

YAML

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/YAML

YAML (/jæməl/, rhymes with camel) is a human-readable data serialization format that takes concepts from programming languages such as <u>C</u>, <u>Perl</u>, and <u>Python</u>, and ideas from XML and the data format of electronic mail (<u>RFC 2822</u>). YAML was first proposed by Clark Evans in 2001, [1] who designed it together with Ingy döt Net^[2] and Oren Ben-Kiki.^[2] It is available for several programming languages. YAML is a <u>recursive acronym</u> for "YAML Ain't Markup Language". Early in its development, YAML was said to mean "Yet Another Markup Language",[3] but it was then reinterpreted (backronyming the original acronym) to distinguish its purpose as data-oriented, rather than document markup.

Coffee(c1):		
name	•	mocha
shop	•	costa
price	•	2.0
rating	•	3.5
favourite	:	0
Coffee(c2):		
name	•	americano
shop	•	costa
price	•	3.0
rating	:	4.5
favourite	:	1
Coffee(c3):		
name	:	cappucino
shop	:	starbucks
price	:	4.0
rating	:	1.5
favourite	•	0

data.yaml

XML	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/XML	<pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>	
Extensible M language that documents in and <u>machine</u> Specification other related standards.[5] The design g generality, an textual data f for the langua of XML focus the represent example in w	Markup Language (XML) is a markup t defines a set of rules for encoding aformat that is both human-readable -readable. It is defined in the XML 1.0 [3] produced by the <u>W3C</u> , and several specifications,[4] all free open oals of XML emphasize simplicity, d usability over the Internet.[6] It is a ormat with strong support via Unicode ages of the world. Although the design es on documents, it is widely used for tation of arbitrary data structures, for teb services.	<pre><coffee objname="c1"> <name> mocha </name> <shop> costa </shop> <price> 2.0 </price> <rating> 3.5</rating> <favourite> 0 </favourite> </coffee> <name> americano </name> <shop> costa </shop> <price> 3.0 </price> <price> 3.0 </price> <rating> 4.5 </rating> <favourite> 1 </favourite> </pre>	
Many <u>application programming interfaces</u> (APIs) have been developed to aid software developers with processing XML data, and several <u>schema</u> <u>systems</u> exist to aid in the definition of XML-based languages.		<pre><shop> starbucks </shop> <price> 4.0 </price> <rating> 1.5 </rating> <favourite> 0 </favourite></pre>	

JSON

JSON (/ˈdʒeɪsɒn/ jay-sawn, /ˈdʒeɪsən/ jaysun), or JavaScript Object Notation, is a textbased open standard designed for humanreadable data interchange. Derived from the JavaScript scripting language, JSON is a language for representing simple data structures and associative arrays, called objects. Despite its relationship to JavaScript, JSON is <u>language-independent</u>, with parsers available for many languages. The JSON format was originally specified by Douglas Crockford, and is described in RFC <u>4627</u>. The official <u>Internet media type</u> for JSON is application/json. The JSON filename extension is .json. The JSON format is often used for serializing

The JSON format is often used for <u>serializing</u> and transmitting structured data over a network connection. It is used primarily to transmit data between a server and web application, serving as an alternative to <u>XML</u>.

```
{
  "name": "mocha",
  "shop":"costa",
  "rating":3.5,
  "price":2.0,
  "favourite":0,
  "id":1
},
  "name": "americano",
  "shop":"costa",
  "rating":4.5,
  "price":3.0,
  "favourite":1,
  "id":2
},
  "name": "cappuccino lite",
  "shop":"starbucks",
  "rating":1.5,
  "price":4.0,
  "favourite":1,
  "id":3
}
```

- An application programming interface (API) specifies how some software components should interact with each other.
- An API often encapsulates a service, capability or system, and will ideally do so in a coherent, elegant and reliable manner.
- APIs are documented, presented and packaged for consumption by programmers.
- Programmers can then integrate new service and capabilities into their systems.

Examples - General

- Java SDK
 - collections API (java.util)
 - DateTime
 - Sockets (java.net)
- OpenGL (for graphics / Visualization / Games)
- Windows SDK

Examples 2 - REST

- Twitter API
- Google Maps
- Twillio
- Blogger.com
- App.net
- SupportFu
- Gist

- REST is an "Architectural Style" enumerating an approach to building distributed systems.
- It embodies an approach that aims to maximize the infrastructure of http infrastructure deployed in the public internet, enabling secure, scalable distributed systems that do not require expensive, complex alternative infrastructure.

REST

Representational State Transfer

(**REST**) is an architectural style that abstracts the architectural elements within a distributed <u>hypermedia</u> system. [1] REST ignores the details of component implementation and protocol syntax in order to focus on the roles of components, the constraints upon their interaction with other components, and their interpretation of significant data elements.[2]REST has emerged as a predominant web API design model



Donation Applications

- 3 applications needed to develop a robust approach
- Application 1: donation-service-play
 - A standard Play web app + a REST based API to enable access to the models over HTTP
- Application 2: donationservice-play-test
 - The Test App is to independently verify the correct operation of the API
 - Its purpose is to support orderly evolution of a robust service
- Application 3: donation-android
 - An android app to consumes the API to deliver enhanced UX



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